



SHOBNALL PRIMARY SCHOOL

POLICY FOR WHISTLEBLOWING TO SAFEGUARD AND PROMOTE THE WELFARE OF CHILDREN – SECTION A

POLICY FOR WHISTLEBLOWING – SECTION B



Reviewed September 2020
Approved by Governors September 2020

SECTION A - POLICY FOR WHISTLEBLOWING TO SAFEGUARD AND PROMOTE THE WELFARE OF CHILDREN

Mission Statement

Improving the way in which people and organisations safeguard and promote the welfare of children is crucial to improving outcomes for children and young people and key local organisations named under section 11 of the Children Act 2004, have a duty to demonstrate that they have effective arrangements in place within their organisation to safeguard and promote the welfare of children. Governing Bodies of Maintained schools have a similar duty under section 175 of the 2002 Education Act, and Independent Schools, Academies and the Further Education Sector under Section 157 of the same Act. These key bodies have to demonstrate that they have an effective whistle blowing process in place and that their workforce is aware of this process. This document therefore aims to offer a standard policy template for adoption by organisations that:

- Have a whistle blowing policy in place but it makes little or no specific reference to the safeguarding of children and young people;
- Do not have an existing whistle-blowing policy in place within their organisation and are required under section 11 processes to have one; and
- Organisations where there is not a section 11 requirement, but who wish to promote good practice within their organisations.

Rationale

In line with the expectations of Stoke-on-Trent and Staffordshire Safeguarding Children Board (SSSCB), Shobnall Primary School is committed to the highest standards of openness, integrity and accountability. All persons working for, or with this organisation, must feel safe and supported in order to express their concerns.

This policy document is intended to encourage and enable our staff to raise their concerns and to do so without fear of victimisation or discrimination. It does not replace the Complaints Procedure or the Child Protection/Safeguarding Policy or the organisation's standard procedures for reporting allegations or concerns about staff or volunteers. It is integral to the organisation's Whistle Blowing Policy in regards to other forms of malpractice covered under the 'Public Interest Disclosure Act'

The Public Interest Disclosure Act (PIDA) protects the public interest by providing a remedy for individuals who suffer workplace reprisal for raising a genuine concern, whether it is a concern about child safeguarding and welfare systems, financial malpractice, danger, illegality, or other wrongdoing. The concern may relate to something that is happening or has happened in the past. The PIDA covers all workers, including temporary agency staff. It does not cover the self-employed or volunteers. The Act also provides protection should individuals have difficulty gaining a reference from an employer because they have raised a concern. It makes it clear that any clause in a contract that purports to gag an individual from raising a concern that would be protected under the Act is void.

Aims

This policy aims to:

- Encourage adults working for or within the organisation to feel confident in raising concerns;
- Provide a process by which concerns can be raised and dealt with;
- Receive feedback on the process (where appropriate); and
- Provide a means by which staff can receive support where concerns have been raised.

What does the safeguarding whistle blowing policy cover?

This policy is designed to cover concerns that staff have about the conduct of individuals in a position of trust within the organisation which could be detrimental to the safety or wellbeing of young people and where staff, for whatever reason, **feel unable** to raise them under the organisation's standard child protection procedures around dealing with such allegations. It would include issues about:

- Unprofessional behaviour
- Bullying by staff
- Any form of abuse (physical, sexual, emotional or neglect)
- Name calling
- Personal contact with children and young people which is contrary to the organisations policies and codes of conduct
- Any form of racial abuse
- Inappropriate sexualised behaviour
- Knowledge about an individual's personal circumstances which may indicate they could be a risk to children or unsuitable to work with children

Note – these are examples of concerns, and are not exhaustive.

Safeguarding against harassment or victimisation

Shobnall School is committed to professional standards and to supporting staff. It is recognised that the decision to report a concern is a difficult one to make. Harassment or victimisation will not be tolerated and Shobnall School will take appropriate action in order to protect the person raising the concern when they are acting in good faith.

Confidentiality

All concerns will be treated in confidence, however, there may be a need for the whistle blower to give evidence e.g. if they have witnessed a crime or in regard to disciplinary procedures if this is the outcome.

Anonymous allegations

This policy encourages staff to raise concerns to be identified in doing so as part of their professional role/responsibility. However, anonymous allegations will be investigated as thoroughly as possible.

False allegations

If staff raise a concern in good faith which is not confirmed by an investigation, no action will be taken. However, if a concern is raised maliciously, disciplinary action may be taken.

How to raise a concern

Staff should normally raise their concerns with a designated manager under the organisations standard procedures for dealing with allegations about a person in a position of trust e.g. Headteacher and if the designated manager is the subject of concern the matter should be referred to the Chair of Governors or, if this is not possible, the Whistle Blowing Policy SECTION B can be implemented. Under standard procedures, if there are concerns that an adult working with children may have abused a child, or be unsuitable to work with children and young people, concerns will be passed to the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) by the manager.

For further information about the Stoke-on-Trent and Staffordshire LADO process (Section 4A), please use the following link: www.staffsscb.staffordshire.gov.uk/Professionals/Procedures/Section-Three/Section-3-Managing-Individual-Cases.aspx

For further information about the Stoke-on-Trent LADO process, please use the following link [stoke.gov.uk/Managing Allegations LADO.pdf](http://stoke.gov.uk/Managing_Allegations_LADO.pdf)

In certain circumstances, staff may feel they are unable to follow the organisation's standard procedures e.g. because they feel their position in the organisation would be in jeopardy, they would be subject to intimidation, or that the person of concern is the designated manager to whom they should report such matters and there is no one senior to refer to. They should then follow the Whistle Blowing Policy SECTION B (integral) by contacting a nominated person (the 'responsible person') within the organisation or an umbrella organisation to which the organisation is affiliated. The Policy may also be used in circumstances when the matter has been raised under appropriate organisation procedures for referring child protection concerns, but the referrer considers that the manager has not taken the concerns seriously or acted appropriately with relation to them. In such circumstances, referrers are encouraged to contact the named responsible person for 'whistle blowing' for the organisation or a LADO directly for discussion and advice. The LADO contact details are listed at the end of the policy.

When following the Whistleblowing Policy, concerns may be shared verbally, but should also be recorded in writing (Safeguarding Whistle Blowing report form – Appendix A).

Staff may wish to invite their trade union representative to be present during any subsequent interviews.

How Shobnall Primary School will respond:

Any concern regarding child protection will be referred to external agencies for investigation (children's services, police, LADO).

If the concern is not of this nature there will be:

- Investigation by management and Governors
- Disciplinary process if appropriate
- Consideration of policies, processes and procedures if such issues arise from the investigation.

Within 10 working days of a concern being raised the referrer will receive a written response from the responsible person which will:

- Acknowledge that the concern has been received;
- Supply information on relevant support mechanisms
- Advise whether further investigations will take place; or
- Advise that no further action has taken place and why.

Who to contact

Headteacher, Chair of Governors, Deputy Designate Child Protection Officer.

If it is felt that it would be unsafe for any reason to share concerns with the named person from your organisation the following are appropriate contacts with whom to discuss your concerns:

Staffordshire County Council:

-Individual designated agency leads for Child Protection

-First Response in the MASH* – 0800 1313126 (ask for LADO if your concerns are that a member of staff could be harming children)

**-Education Safeguarding Officer (LADO) for the Education sector: Julie Astall
01785 278958 or 07773 791577 (refer to LADO in First Response if un-available)**

**Multi-agency Safeguarding Hub*

Stoke on Trent Authority:

-Individual designated agency leads for child protection

-Advice and Referral Team (ART) – 01782 235100

-Education Safeguarding Officer – 01782 235897

-LADO officer as per rota – 01782 235885

Other support

Recognised trade unions or professional associations can provide support and assistance or independent, external advice this can be obtained from the charity Public Concern at Work.

Regulatory bodies such as Ofsted also have 'whistle blowing' hotlines. Ofsted's whistle blowing hotline is: 0300 123 3155. The website address is www.whistleblowing@ofsted.gov.uk

Public Concern at Work

Helpline: 020 7404 6609

E-mail: helpline@pcaw.co.uk

NSPCC

Helpline: 0800 028 0285 (8am to 8pm Monday to Friday)

E-mail: help@nspcc.org.uk

Link to information on the [NSPCC's website](#).

Appendix A - SECTION A

Whistle Blowing Report Form

Name: _____

Date: _____

Location/department:

Please give a brief outline of your concern? (Please give relevant names, dates, locations etc)

Were there any other witnesses? If so, please give their full contact details.

Did you take any action at the time? – if so, please outline what action you took

if you did not take action at the time, please give details as to why you took no action

Signed:

Date.....

Designation.....

SECTION B - Whistleblowing Policy

Staffordshire County Council and Shobnall School are committed to operating with honesty and integrity. We expect all colleagues to operate on this basis and to adhere to the council's policies, procedures and code of conduct. Fraud, misconduct or wrongdoing will not be tolerated.

The aim of this policy is to encourage colleagues to report suspected wrongdoing internally rather than externally as a first resort. Any concerns raised under this policy will be treated seriously and dealt with confidentially.

Any colleague raising a concern under this policy will not be treated less favourably for raising concerns as outlined in this procedure. This means that any colleague who raises a concern under this policy will not be subjected to a detriment nor will they be dismissed for doing so.

The policy and procedure applies to all colleagues, regardless of length of service, but does not form part of the contract of employment and can be varied from time to time.

What is whistleblowing?

Whistleblowing is when a worker reports suspected wrongdoing at work.

For example

- A criminal offence; and/or
- A miscarriage of justice; and/or
- Damage to the environment; and/or
- Breach of a legal obligation; and/or
- A danger to health and safety; and/or
- A deliberate concealment of any of the above

A colleague can report things that aren't right, are illegal or if anyone at work is neglecting their duties, including:

- someone's health and safety is in danger
- damage to the environment
- a criminal offence
- the company isn't obeying the law (like not having the right insurance)
- covering up wrongdoing

A colleague who has a reasonable belief that a wrongdoing has or may be committed and raises a genuine concern relating to any of the above, is a whistleblower and is protected under this policy.

The School will, at its discretion, consider disclosures that are made anonymously, although such disclosures are inevitably much less powerful. The School will also treat every disclosure in confidence, and only reveal the identity of the person making it if absolutely necessary (e.g. if required in connection with legal action).

Rights of the Whistleblower

All colleagues are encouraged to use this policy to raise genuine concerns and will not be treated less favourably for doing so, even if they are mistaken in their belief.

Any colleague who raises a concern under this policy will not be subjected to a detriment nor will they be dismissed for doing so. Any colleague who believes that they have been subjected to a detriment for raising a complaint should raise the matter with the Headteacher.

Victimisation of a whistleblower by any other colleague for raising a concern under this policy will in itself constitute a disciplinary offence.

Where the school believes that a colleague has knowingly made a false allegation or acted maliciously, the colleague will be subject to disciplinary action, which may include dismissal for gross misconduct.

This policy does not deal with any complaints relating to a colleague's own treatment at work or own contract of employment. Those matters should be raised under the Grievance procedure or the Bullying and Harassment procedure, as appropriate.

An exception to this will be when the matter of concern arises from the colleagues own treatment at work that is arising from the whistleblowing matter they have raised previously.

Making a Whistleblowing Complaint

To make a whistleblowing complaint the whistleblower has to meet certain conditions.

- If the disclosure is made to the school, it must be in the public interest and the person making the complaint ("the whistleblower") has a reasonable suspicion that the alleged malpractice has occurred, is occurring or is likely to occur.
- When the disclosure is made, the whistleblower must also honestly and reasonably believe that the information they provide and any allegations contained in it are substantially true.
- For example, a colleague will be eligible for protection if:
 - they honestly think what they're reporting is true
 - they think they're telling the right person
 - they believe that their disclosure is in the public interest
- If the disclosure is made to other external bodies then as well as satisfying the conditions required for to the council, in all circumstances of the case it must be reasonable for them to make the complaint. Further the whistleblower must:
 - reasonably believe that they would be victimised if they raised the matter internally
 - reasonably believe that evidence is likely to be concealed or destroyed or,
 - have already raised the concern with the council and/or relevant regulatory body and,
 - reasonably believe that the information they provide and any allegations contained therein are substantially true.

If the disclosure is made to other external bodies and is of an "exceptionally serious" nature – which in a local government setting could include, say, the alleged abuse of children or vulnerable adults in an authority's care or corruption then the whistleblower will not be required to:

- have raised the matter concerned internally first
- Believe that they will be subject to a detriment for raising the disclosure internally
- Believe that the evidence is likely to be concealed or destroyed.

A colleague who wants to raise a wrongdoing should in the first instance inform any one of the Contact Officers at the Local Authority whose details are given in Appendix A.

The initial contact can be by telephone or in writing, and if the latter should be in a sealed envelope addressed to the officer concerned and marked: 'PIDA – Strictly Private and Confidential'. E-mail cannot be guaranteed as a secure medium and it is not recommended as a channel for reporting issues related to this policy.

The Contact Officer who has received a disclosure will:

- (a) acknowledge its receipt, in writing, within 5 working days;
- (b) seek further information if required, which may include a personal interview, at which the colleague (whistleblower) can be accompanied by a representative of their trade union or professional association, or by a fellow employee;
- (c) when the precise nature of the alleged wrongdoing is established, refer the disclosure to the Monitoring Officer (Head of Law);
- (d) in liaison with the Head Teacher keep the individual informed regarding the progress and in all cases (subject to legal constraints) provide details of the outcome of any investigation.

On receipt of a disclosure from a Contact Officer the Monitoring Officer will determine what further action, if any, is needed, which may comprise:

- internal investigation
- report to the Police
- report to external audit
- independent enquiry
- any combination of the above

The Head Teacher will also ensure that the Contact Officer is advised of progress and outcome.

If the colleague does not reasonably believe that appropriate action has been taken in relation to their concern, then they may raise it externally to the prescribed regulator or our external auditors. The charity, Public Concern at Work, can advise the colleague about raising the concern externally. This will include advising who the appropriate prescribed regulator is. The website for Public Concern at Work is <http://www.pcaaw.co.uk/>

**External Auditor
PriceWaterhouseCoopers LLP
Cornwall Court
19 Cornwall Street
Birmingham B3 2DT
0121 265 5956**

Levels of Authority

Throughout this policy document, there are many references to Contact Officer. For the purposes of this policy 'Contact Officer' is the person delegated by the Director to perform the task. The Contact Officers are listed in Appendix A.

Related Policies

Policy for Subject Leadership
Policy on Equal Opportunities
Policy on Special Educational Needs
Policy for Monitoring and Evaluation
Policy on Staff Development
Policy for Assessment, Recording and Reporting
Policy for Gifted and Talented
Policy for Inclusion
Policy for Teaching and Learning
Policy for Assessment of Learning
Policy for Link Governors
Policy for Whole School Planning

Appendix A

Whistleblowing Policy

Contact Officers List (updated September 2019)

STRATEGY, GOVERNANCE AND CHANGE	
John Tradewell	01785 276102
Philip Jones	01785 278364
Ann-Marie Davidson	01785 276131
Tracy Thorley	01785 276337

FINANCE AND RESOURCES	
Andy Burns	01785 276300
Lisa Cartwright	01785 276803
Jon Waller	01785 276380
Dionne Lowndes	01785 854236

FAMILIES AND COMMUNITIES	
Helen Riley	01785 277200
Janene Cox	01785 278368
Mick Harrison	01785 278163
Richard Hancock	01785 854055
Kathy Maitland	01785 277095

HEALTH AND CARE	
Chris Weiner	01785 278700
Jackie Small	01785 276697

ECONOMY, INFRASTRUCTURE AND SKILLS	
Darryl Evers	01785 278580
Steve Burrows	01785 277204
Ian Benson	01785 276550
Pam Rushton	01785 277210